**Paul Thompson** 

**Futureworking: Real World Conversation** 

**QUT, 5th May 2015** 

# The Future Workforce: Characteristics, Choices and Consequences

# New economy, contentious claims

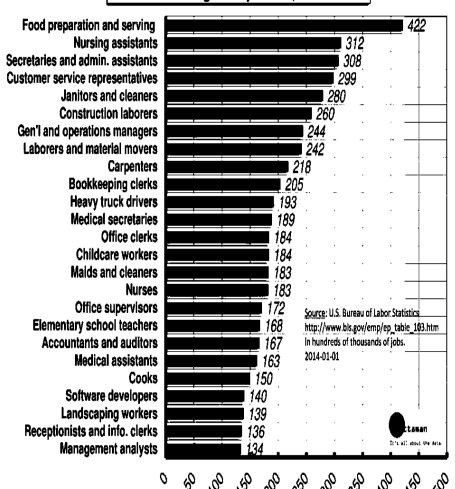
- Dominant images of existing and emergent occupations – knowledge workers, creative class, immaterial or intellectual labour, cognitive capitalism, symbolic analysts, free agents
- The war for talent and the absent management myth
- Public policy expanding the supply build it (a graduate labour force) and they (organisations) will come
- Google employs 53600 people globally, whilst Walmart employs 2.1m (1.4 m in the USA alone)
- There is no future workforce, but a series of overlapping workforces

# What are the future jobs?

Figures from US Bureau of Labor Statistics

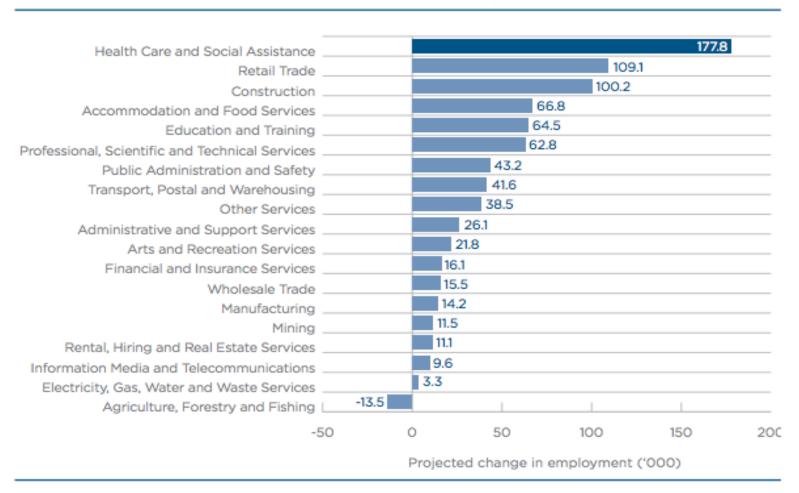
'On an absolute basis, the data is miserable: The table consists of stuff like secretaries, food workers and caretakers. The median salary for the fastestgrowing raw-numbers occupations, shown in the table below, is \$US30,000. What's more, most of these jobs don't even require a college degree'. (Australian Business Insider 8 April 2014)

### Fastest Growing Occupations, 2012 - 2022

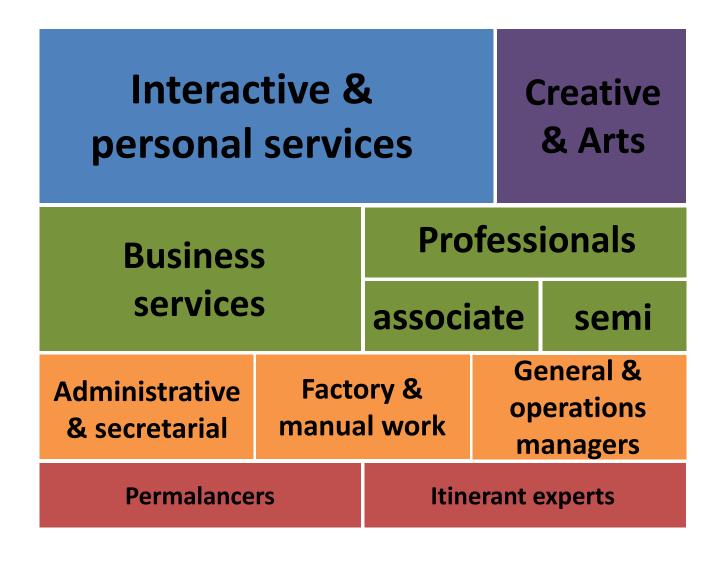


# The Australian picture

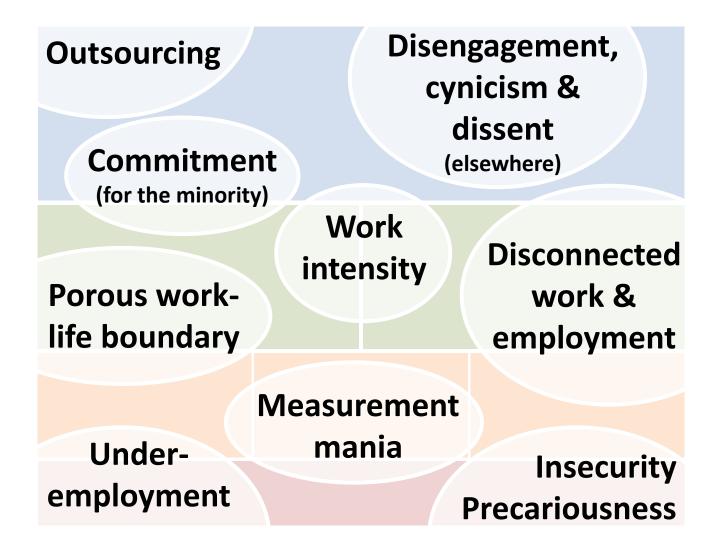
### FIGURE 1: PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT GROWTH BY INDUSTRY, NOV 2012-NOV 2017



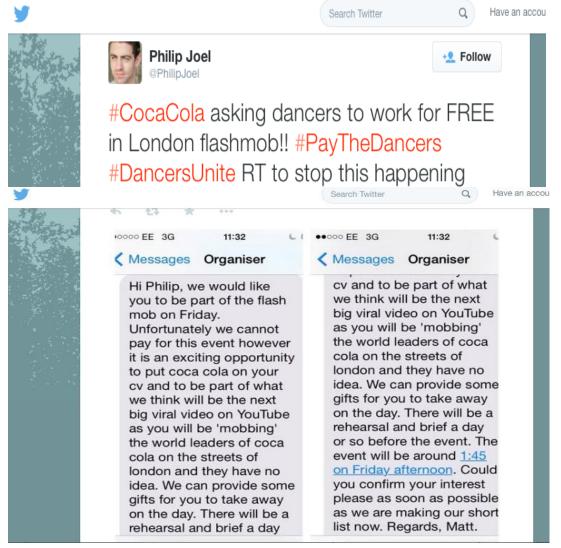
# Job clusters and job quality



# Cross-cutting themes



# Crowdsourcing Coca Cola style



## Choices and constraints

- What work wants from us has changed more than what 'we' want from work
- Some long-term trends are unstoppable, but it doesn't always have to be like this
- A radical, but realistic conversation about public and private choices
  - good work vs. good jobs
  - technological determinism is never a good guide to action